Hybrid immunity against SARS-CoV-2 elicits cross-variant ADCC

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Disclaimer

I have no COIs to declare related to this study.



SARS-CoV-2 variants escape antibody neutralization



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<u>Antibody</u> <u>Dependent</u> <u>Cell-mediated</u> <u>Cytotoxicity</u>



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Study Cohort



Vaccinees (n = 40) Mean Age: 53.8 ± 14.3 years



Robust ADCC with hybrid immunity



Robust ADCC mirrors FLS IgG levels, but...





... quantity is not the whole story

O Hybrid PV1 (n = 31)Vaccinees PV2 (n = 40)



Which antibodies elicit robust spike-directed ADCC?



S2 is relatively

conserved

 S1 mutations contribute to breakthrough infection

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Infection favours anti-S2 antibodies, vaccination skews towards anti-S1



Hybrid immunity offers the best of both



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Anti-S1 <u>and</u> S2 antibody levels correlate with ADCC

O Hybrid PV1 (n = 31)

Vaccinees PV2 (n = 40)



Where are the ADCC determinants distributed within spike?



Robust ADCC corresponds with reactivity against three linear epitopes within spike



Robust ADCC corresponds with reactivity against three linear epitopes within spike



Key ADCC determinants lie outside of heavily mutated sites in variants



Does ADCC span variants?



nextstrain.org

Hybrid immunity elicits ADCC across variants



ADCC is preserved against variants, neutralization is not



Az (Vaccinees) Pf

Hybrid Immunity

Final Thoughts

• Hybrid immunity generates anti-S1 and S2 antibodies with the strength & breadth to elicit robust ADCC.

• Since ADCC determinants are distributed throughout spike, escape of any single epitope may not substantially impact ADCC.

• Vaccine strategies should not focus only on the RBD since enhancing neutralizing antibody production may occur at the expense of ADCC.



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NL COVID Cohort

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Lessons Learned

- Difficulties associated with short-term funding PhD candidate
- Shortage of personnel
- Streamline research for urgency
- Research Ethics Protocol blood draw schedule modifications with changes to PH guidelines
- Regularly reporting antibody titre results helped retain participants

Study Cohort

| | | Hybrid n = 31 | Vaccinee n = 40 |
|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Symptoms n (%) | Asymptomatic | 4 (12.9) | N/A |
| | Mild | 8 (25.8) | |
| | Moderate | 14 (45.2) | |
| | Severe | 5 (16.1) | |
| | Mean DPI/DPSI ± SD* | 250.4 ± 103.2 | |
| | Median Age (IQR) | 63 (53-73) | 55 (40-66) |
| | Mean Age ± SD | 60 ± 15.2 | 53.8 ± 14.3 |
| | Female n (%) | 18 (58) | 27 (67.5) |
| | Male n (%) | 13 (42) | 13 (32.5) |
| Vaccine 1 | ChAdOx1-S n (%) | 3 (9.7) | 4 (10) |
| | Pfizer-BioNTech n (%) | 26 (83.9) | 34 (85) |
| | Moderna n (%) | 2 (6.4) | 2 (5) |
| | Mean DPV1 \pm SD* | 58 ± 14.8 | 61 ± 15.4 |
| Vaccine 2 | Pfizer-BioNTech n (%) | 20 (64.5) | 26 (65) |
| | Moderna n (%) | 11 (35.5) | 14 (35) |
| | Mean DPV2 ± SD* | 71.2 ± 21.1 | 72 ± 17.7 |
| | Mean Days Between Vaccination ± SD | 71.3 ± 16.8 | 75.5 ± 16 |

*Days post infection/days post symptom onset (DPI/DPSO); days post first vaccination (DPV1); days post second vaccination (DPV2). Mild = few symptoms < 7 days; moderate = multiple symptoms > 7 days; severe = hospitalised.